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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/664,857	09/22/2003	Kenji Umayahara	116675	4323
25944 7590 03/21/2008 OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 320850			EXAMINER	
			WILLS, MONIQUE M	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320-4850			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1795	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Application No. Applicant(s) 10/664,857 UMAYAHARA ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Monique M. Wills 1795 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 November 2007. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-12 and 24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12 and 24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 22 September 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_\_.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other:

#### DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is responsive to the Amendment filed November 21, 2007. The rejection of claims 1–7 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itou U.S. Pub. 2003/0150655 in view of Clingerman et al. U.S. Pub. 2005/0031922 is overcome. The rejection of claims 8–12 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itou U.S. Pub. 2003/0150655 in view of Clingerman et al. U.S. Pub. 2005/0031922 in view of Breed U.S. Pub. 2006/0212194 is overcome. However, claims 1–12 and 24 are newly rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112 second paragraph. The rejections are as follows:

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-12 & 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "switching over operation/stopped states of the fuel cell system" is of uncertain meaning rendering the claims vague and indefinite.

This step implies that the switching state is in the operation or stopped positions. However, the following "detecting" and "communicating steps" appear to require that the stitch must be in its "stopped" state.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itou U.S. Pub. 2003/0150655 in view of Clingerman et al. U.S. Pub. 2005/0031922.

With respect to claim 1, Itou teaches an alert method relating to a remaining fuel amount of a fuel cell system, comprising the steps of: detecting that the state of the fuel cell system is switched over to a stopped side (par. 34); and communicating information related to the remaining fuel amount to a user when fuel of the fuel cell system is consumed in a state where the switch is

switched over to a stopped side (par. 33-35). With respect to claim 2, wherein at least a step of generating an alert for the user when fuel of the fuel cell system is consumed and the remaining fuel amount falls to an alert generating level is included in the step of communicating information related to the remaining fuel amount (par. 35). With respect to claim 4, the alert is sent to an information terminal of the user using wireless communication (par. 22). With respect to claim 5, the generation of the alert is implemented multiple times in response to the remaining fuel amount (par. 23 & 24). With respect to claim 6, the alert includes information related to a remaining fuel amount (par. 33). With respect to claim 7, the alert generating level is set such that the possible remaining running mileage of the moving body includes a margin with respect to the distance to the nearest fuel station (par. 31).

Itou does not expressly disclose switching over operation/stopped states of the fuel cell system (claim 1) or implementing the alert when fuel is consumed due to the fuel cell system performing a heat-retention operation (claim 3).

Clingerman teaches that it is conventional to employ startup/shutdown switches to control the power output of fuel cells (See the Abstract).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the instant invention was made to employ the shutdown switches of

Clingerman, in the alert method of Itou, in order to control the power output of the fuel cell.

With respect to claim 3, it would be reasonable to expect that the alert is implemented when fuel is consumed due to the fuel cell system performing a heat-retention operation, because the system is monitored immediately after shut down. During this time the fuel cell continues to retain heat.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made. Claims 8-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itou U.S. Pub. 2003/0150655 in view of Clingerman et al. U.S. Pub. 2005/0031922 in view of Breed U.S. Pub. 2006/0212194.

Itou in view of Clingerman teach an alert system as described in the rejection recited hereinabove. With respect to claim 9, the communication is conducted at every fixed time period (par. 23). With respect to claim 10, the communication is conducted when the remaining fuel amount falls to an alert generating level (par. 33-35).

Itou does not expressly disclose communicating information related to the remaining fuel amount to an information terminal of a user at a location away from the moving body using wireless communication (claim 8). The reference does not is expressly disclose the communication conducted in response to a request from the user (claim 11), or the fuel cell system stopping consumption of the fuel in response to a system stop command from the user (claims 12 & 13).

Breed teaches that it is conventional to communicate information related to a fuel level using the Internet (par. 40 & 246).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the instant invention was made to employ the wireless Internet communication system of Breed, in the alert method of Itou in view of

Clingerman, in order to facilitate remote monitoring of vehicle conditions (claim 8 & 11).

With respect to claim 12, it would be reasonable to expect the fuel cell to stop consuming fuel in response to a stop command from the user.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's arguments, see page2, filed November 21, 2007 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection of claims 1–7 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itou U.S. Pub. 2003/0150655 in view of Clingerman et al. U.S. Pub. 2005/0031922 is overcome. The rejection of claims 8–12 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itou U.S. Pub. 2003/0150655 in view of Clingerman et al. U.S. Pub. 2005/0031922 in view of Breed U.S. Pub. 2006/0212194 is overcome.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply

is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Monique Wills whose telephone number is (571) 272–1309. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan, may be reached at 571–272–1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703–872–9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information

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Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov.Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Monique M Wills/ Examiner, Art Unit 1795 2/12/08

/PATRICK RYAN/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1795 Application Number

Application/Control No. Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination

10/664,857 UMAYAHARA ET AL.

Examiner Art Unit

Monique M. Wills 1795